

# **ADNS-7530**

# Integrated molded lead-frame DIP Sensor

# **Data Sheet**





# **Theory of Operation**

The ADNS-7530 integrated molded lead-frame DIP sensor comprises of sensor and VCSEL in a single package.

The advanced class of VCSEL was engineered by PixArt Imaging to provide a laser diode with a single Iongitudinal and a single transverse mode. In contrast to most oxide-based single-mode VCSEL, this class of PixArt VCSEL remains within single mode operation over a wide range of output power. It has significantly lower power consumption than a LED. It is an excellent choice for optical navigation applications.

The sensor is based on Laser technology, which measures changes in position by optically acquiring sequential surface images (frames) and mathematically determining the direction and magnitude of movement. It contains an Image Acquisition System (IAS), a Digital Signal Processor (DSP), and a four wire serial port. The IAS acquires microscopic surface images via the lens and illumination system. These images are processed by the DSP to determine the direction and distance of motion. The DSP calculates the  $\Delta x$  and  $\Delta y$  relative displacement values. An external microcontroller reads the  $\Delta x$  and  $\Delta y$  information from the sensor serial port. The microcontroller then translates the data into PS2, USB, or RF signals before sending them to the host PC or game console.

### **Features**

- Wide operating voltage: 2.7V-3.6V
- Small form factor, integrated molded lead frame DIP package
- Low power architecture
- Laser Technology
- Self-adjusting power-saving modes for longest battery life
- High speed motion detection up to 30 ips and 8q
- Enhanced SmartSpeed self-adjusting frame rate for optimum performance
- Motion detect pin output
- 12-bits motion data registers.
- Internal oscillator no clock input needed.
- Selectable 400, 800, 1200, 1600, 2000 cpi resolution.
- Four wire serial port
- Minimal number of passive components
- Laser fault detect circuitry on-chip for Eye Safety Compliance
- Advanced Technology VCSEL chip
- Single Mode Lasing operation
- 832-865 nm wavelength

### **Applications**

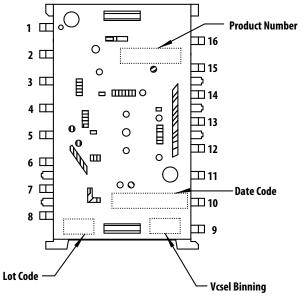
- Laser Mice
- Optical trackballs
- Integrated input devices
- Battery-powered input devices

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# **Pinout of ADNS-7530 Optical Mouse Sensor**

Pin	Name	Description
1	VCSEL+VE	Positive Terminal of VCSEL
2	LASER_NEN	LASER Enable (Active LOW)
3	NCS	Chip select (active low input)
4	MISO	Serial data output (Master In/Slave Out)
5	SCLK	Serial clock input
6	MOSI	Serial data input (Master Out/Slave In)
7	MOTION	Motion Detect (active low output)
8	XYLASER	XYLASER
9	VDD3	3V Input
10	NC	No Connection
11	GND	Ground
12	VDD3	3V Input
13	RefA	1.8V regulator output
14	DGND	Digital Ground
15	VDDIO	IO Voltage input (1.65~3.6V)
16	VCSEL-VE	Negative Terminal of VCSEL



ltem	Marking	Remarks
Product Number	A7530	
Date Code	XYYWWZV	X = Subcon Code YYWW = Date Code Z = Sensor Die Source V = VCSEL Die Source
VCSEL Binning	KL	
Lot Code	VVV	Numeric

Figure 1. Device pin-out for ADNS-7530

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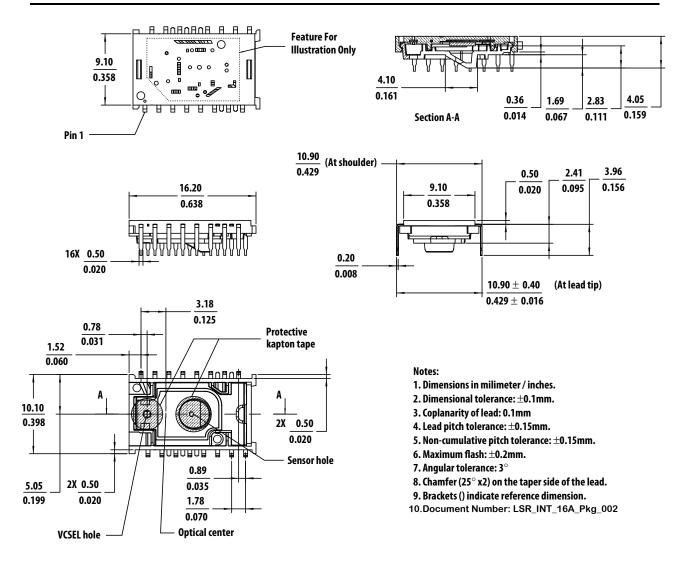


Figure 2. Package outline drawing

**CAUTION:** It is advised that normal static precautions be taken in handling and assembly of this component to prevent damage and/or degradation which may be induced by ESD

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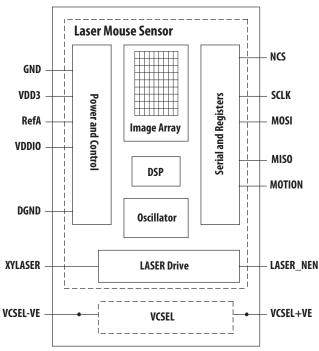


Figure 3. Block diagram of ADNS-7530 integrated molded lead-frame DIP sensor

# **Regulatory Requirements**

- Passes FCC B and worldwide analogous emission limits when assembled into a mouse with shielded cable and following PixArt recommendations.
- Passes IEC-1000-4-3 radiated susceptibility level when assembled into a mouse with shielded cable and following PixArt recommendations.
- Passes EN61000-4-4/IEC801-4 EFT tests when assembled into a mouse with shielded cable and following PixArt recommendations.
- Provides sufficient ESD creepage/clearance distance to avoid discharge up to 15kV when assembled into a mouse according to usage instructions above.

# **Overview of Laser Mouse Sensor Assembly**

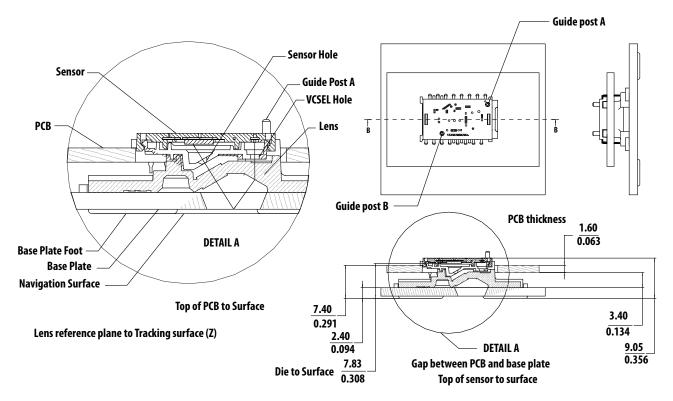


Figure 4. 2D Assembly drawing of ADNS-7530 sensor coupled with the ADNS-6150 lens, PCB and base plate (top and cross-sectional view)

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### **Assembly Recommendation**

- 1. Insert the integrated molded lead-frame DIP sensor and all other electrical components into the application PCB.
- This sensor package is only qualified for wave-solder process.
- 3. Wave-solder the entire assembly in a no-wash solder process utilizing a solder fixture. The solder fixture is needed to protect the sensor during the solder process. The fixture should be designed to expose the sensor leads to solder while shielding the optical aperture from direct solder contact.
- 4. Place the lens onto the base plate. Care must be taken to avoid contamination on the optical surfaces.
- 5. Remove the protective kapton tapes from the optical aperture of the sensor and VCSEL respectively. Care must be taken to keep contaminants from entering the aperture.
- 6. Insert the PCB assembly over the lens onto the base plate. The sensor package should self-align to the lens. The optical position reference for the PCB is set by the base plate and lens. The alignment guide post of the lens locks the lens and integrated molded lead-frame DIP sensor together. Note that the PCB motion due to button presses must be minimized to maintain optical alignment.

- 7. Optional: The lens can be permanently locked to the sensor package by melting the lens' guide posts over the sensor with heat staking process.
- 8. Tune the laser output power from the VCSEL to meet the Eye Safe Class I Standard as detailed in the LASER Power Adjustment Procedure.
- 9. Install the mouse top case. There must be a feature in the top case (or other area) to press down onto the sensor to ensure the sensor and lenses are interlocked to the correct vertical height.

# Design considerations for improving ESD Performance

For improved electrostatic discharge performance, typical creepage and clearance distance are shown in the table below. Assumption: base plate construction as per the PixArt supplied IGES file and ADNS-6150, ADNS-6160-001 or ADNS-6170-002 lens:

Lens	ADNS-6150	ADNS-6160-001	ADNS-6170-002
Creepage	12.0 mm	13.50 mm	20.30 mm
Clearance	2.1 mm	1.28 mm	1.28 mm

Note that the lens material is polycarbonate and therefore, cyanoacrylate based adhesives or other adhesives that may damage the lens should NOT be used.

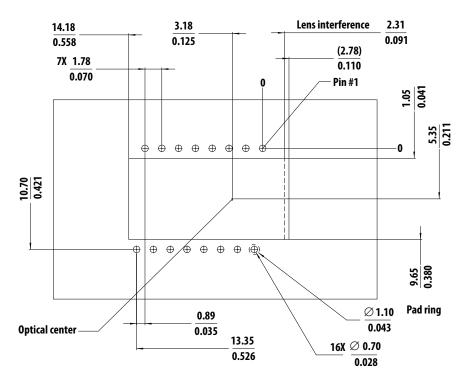


Figure 5. Recommended PCB mechanical cutouts and spacing

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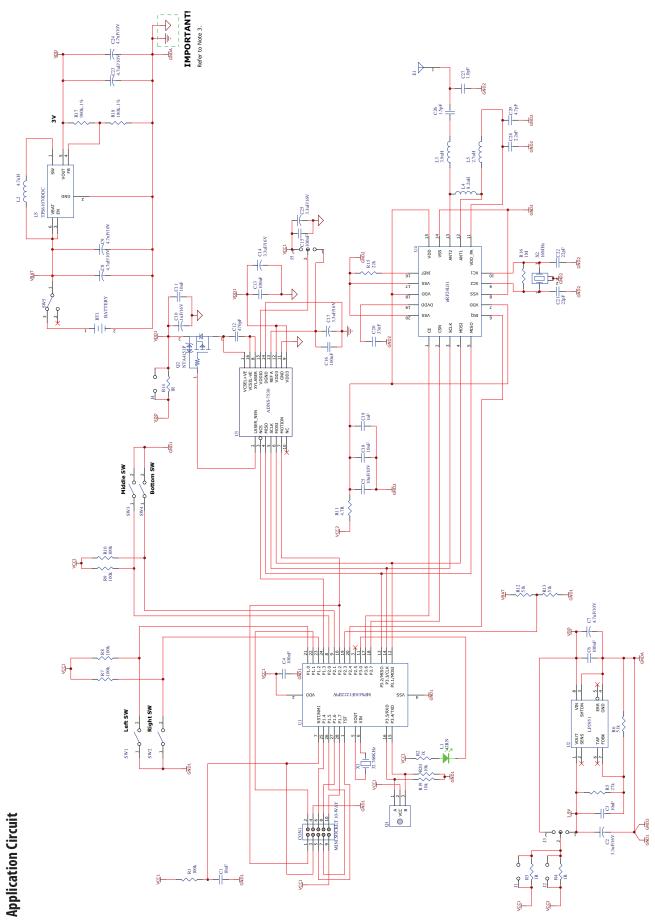


Figure 6. Schematic Diagram for 3-Button Scroll Wheel Cordless Mouse

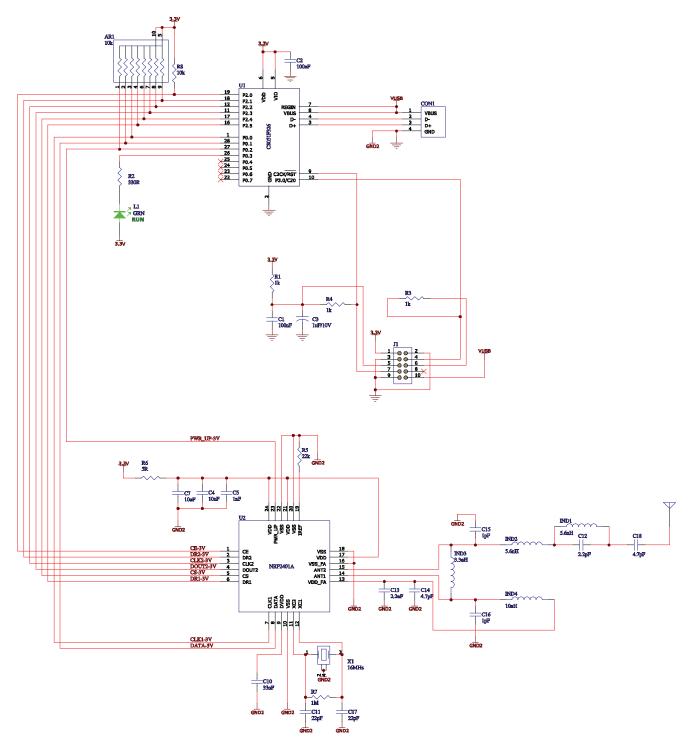


Figure 7. Schematic Diagram for 3-Button Scroll Wheel Cordless Mouse Dongle

#### Notes

- 1. The supply and ground paths should be laid out using a star methodology.
- 2. Level shifting is required to interface a 5V micro-controller to the ADNS-7530. If a 3V micro-controller is used, the 74VHC125 component shown may be omitted
- 3. All grounds **MUST** be correctly separated into digital and analog grounds. The digital and analog ground lines **MUST** be reconnected as far away as possible at either the negative terminal of the battery or at the USB connector.

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### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min		Max		Units	Notes
Storage Temperature	T <sub>S</sub>	-40		85		°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature	$T_{Solder}$			260		°C	For 10 seconds, 1.8mm below seating plane. See soldering reflow profile in Figure 10
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD3}$	-0.5		3.7		V	
	$V_{DDIO}$	-0.5		3.7		V	
ESD (Human-body model)	$V_{ESD}$			2		kV	All pins
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.5		V <sub>DDIO</sub> +0.5			
Latchup Current	I <sub>OUT</sub>			20		mA	All pins
VCSEL Die Source Marking		V = A,	V	V = C,D			
Parameter (For VCSEL only)	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units	Notes
DC Forward current	I <sub>F</sub>		12		7.0	mA	
Peak Pulsing current	Ι <sub>Ρ</sub>		19		9	mA	Duration = 100ms, 10%

#### Notoc

**Power Dissipation** 

Laser Junction Temperature

Reverse voltage

1. Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are the stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated for extended period of time may affect device reliability.

24

5

150

duty cycle

 $I = 10\mu A$ 

24

8

170

mW

V

٥C

- 2. The maximum ratings do not reflect eye-safe operation. Eye safe operating conditions are listed in the power adjustment procedure section.
- 3. The inherent design of this component causes it to be sensitive to electrostatic discharge. The ESD threshold is listed above. To prevent ESD-induced damage, take adequate ESD precautions when handling this product

# **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Ρ

 $V_{R}$ 

Tر

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Operating Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	0		40	°C	
Power supply voltage	$V_{DD3}$	2.7	2.8	3.6	Volts	Including noise.
	V <sub>DDIO</sub>	1.65		3.6		Including noise.
Power supply rise time	$V_{RT3}$	1		100	ms	0 to 3.0V
Supply noise (Sinusoidal)	$V_{NA}$	·		100	$mV_{p-}$	10kHz-50MHz
					р	
Serial Port Clock Frequency	$f_{SCLK}$			1	MHz	Active drive, 50% duty cycle
Distance from lens reference plane to surface	Z	2.18	2.40	2.62	mm	Results in +/- 0.22 mm minimum DOF. See Figure 9
Speed	S			30	in/	
					sec	
Acceleration	А			8	g	
Load Capacitance	C <sub>out</sub>			100	рF	MOTION, MISO

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# Optical/Electrical Characteristics (at $Tc = 5^{\circ}C$ to $45^{\circ}C$ ):

VCSEL Die Source Marking	V = A	V		V = C					
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Peak Wavelength	λ	832		865	832		865	nm	
Maximum Radiant Power	LOPmax		4.5			4.0		mW	Maximum output power under any condition. This is not a recommended operating condition and does not meet eye safety requirements.
Wavelength Temperature Coefficient	dλ/dT		0.065			0.065		nm/ ∘C	
Wavelength Current Coefficient	dλ/dl		0.21			0.3		nm/ mA	
Beam Divergence	θFW@1/ e^2		15			16		deg	
Threshold Current	I <sub>th</sub>		4.2			3.0		mA	
Slope Efficiency	SE		0.4			0.35		W/A	
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>		2.1	2.4		2.1	2.4	V	At 500uW output power

#### Notes:

- 1. VCSELs are sorted into bins as specified in the power adjustment procedure. Appropriate binning register data values are used in the application circuit to achieve the target output power. The VCSEL binning is marked on the integrated molded lead-frame DIP sensor package.
- 2. When driven with current or temperature range greater than specified in the power adjustment procedure section, eye safety limits may be exceeded. The VCSEL should then be treated as a Class IIIb laser and as a potential eye hazard.
- 3. Over driving beyond LOPmax limit will cause the VCSEL to enter into an unstable region. Any LOP that exceeds this limit should not be taken as a valid reference point in the laser power calibration process.

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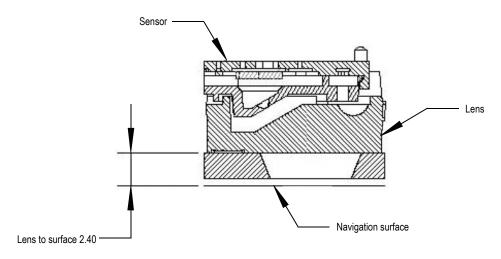


Figure 9. Distance from lens reference plane to surface, Z

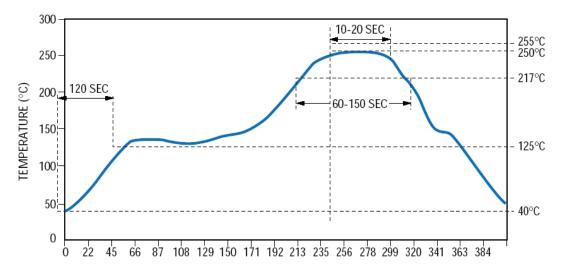


Figure 10. Recommended Soldering Reflow Profile

# **DC Electrical Specifications**

# Electrical Characteristics over recommended operating conditions. (Typical values at 25 °C, V<sub>DD</sub>=2.8V, V<sub>DDIO</sub>=2.8V)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
DC Supply Current in various modes	I <sub>DD_RUN</sub> I <sub>DD_REST1</sub> I <sub>DD_REST2</sub> I <sub>DD_REST3</sub>		2.50 0.35 0.09 0.05	3.3 0.55 0.14 0.085	mA	Average current, including LASER current. No load on MISO, MOTION.
Peak Supply Current				40	mA	
Shutdown Supply Current	I <sub>DDSTDWN</sub>		45	60	μΑ	NCS, SCLK, MOSI = $V_{DDIO}$ MISO, MOTION = Hi-Z
Input Low Voltage	$V_{IL}$			0.2*V <sub>DDIO</sub>	V	SCLK, MOSI, NCS
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.8*V <sub>DDIO</sub>			V	SCLK, MOSI, NCS
Input Hysteresis	V <sub>I_HYS</sub>		100		mV	SCLK, MOSI, NCS
Input Leakage Current	l <sub>leak</sub>		±1	±10	μΑ	$Vin = 0.7*V_{DDIO}$ , SCLK, MOSI, NCS
XY_LASER Current	I <sub>LAS</sub>		0.8		mA	$V_{XY\_LASER} >= 0.3V$ LSRPWR_CFG0 = 0xFF LSRPWR_CFG 1 = 0x00 Run Mode
Laser Current (fault mode)	ILAS_FAULT			300	uA	$XY_LASER R_{leakage} < 75kOhms to$ Gnd
Output Low Voltage, MISO, MOTION	V <sub>OL</sub>			0.2*V <sub>DDIO</sub>	V	lout=1mA, MISO, MOTION
Output High Voltage, MISO, MOTION	V <sub>OH</sub>	0.8*V <sub>DDIO</sub>			V	lout=-1mA, MISO, MOTION
Output Low Voltage, LASER_NEN	V <sub>OL</sub>			0.2*VDD3	V	lout= 1mA, LASER_NEN
Output High Voltage, LASER_NEN	V <sub>OH</sub>	0.8*VDD3			V	lout= -0.5mA, LASER_NEN
Input Capacitance	Ci <sub>n</sub>			10	pF	MOSI, NCS, SCLK

# Registers

The ADNS-7530 registers are accessible via the serial port. The registers are used to read motion data and status as well as to set the device configuration.

Address	Register	Read/Write	Default Value
0x00	Product_ID	R	0x31
0x01	Revision_ID	R	0x03
0x02	Motion	R/W	0x00
0x03	Delta_X_L	R	0x00
0x04	Delta_Y_L	R	0x00
0x05	Delta_XY_H	R	0x00
0x06	SQUAL	R	0x00
0x07	Shutter_Upper	R	0x00
0x08	Shutter_Lower	R	0x64
0x09	Maximum_Pixel	R	0xd0
0x0a	Pixel_Sum	R	0x80
0x0b	Minimum_Pixel	R	0x00
0x0c	CRC0	R	0x00
0x0d	CRC1	R	0x00
0x0e	CRC2	R	0x00
0x0f	CRC3	R	0x00
0x10	Self_Test	W	NA
0x11	Reserved		
0x12	Configuration2_Bits	R/W	0x26
0x13	Run_Downshift	R/W	0x04
0x14	 Rest1_Rate	R/W	0x01
0x15	Rest1_Downshift	R/W	0x1f
0x16	Rest2_Rate	R/W	0x09
0x17	Rest2_Downshift	R/W	0x2f
0x18	Rest3_Rate	R/W	0x31
0x19	Reserved	<u> </u>	
0x1a	LASER_CTRL0	R/W	0x00
0x1b	Reserved	·	
0x1c	LSRPWR_CFG0	R/W	0x00
0x1d	LSRPWR_CFG1	R/W	0x00
0x1e	Reserved	·	
0x1f	LASER_CTRL1	R/W	0x00
0x20-2d	Reserved	<u> </u>	
0x2e	Observation	R/W	0x00
0x2f-0x34	Reserved		
0x35	Pixel_Grab	R/W	0x00
0x36	H_RESOLUTION	R/W	0x04
0x37-0x39	Reserved		
0x3a	POWER_UP_RESET	W	NA
0x3b	Shutdown	W	NA
0x3c	Reserved		
0x3d	Shut_thr	R/W	0x56
0x3e	Inverse_Revision_ID	R	0xfc
0x3f	Inverse_Product_ID	R	0xce
0x42	Motion_Burst	R	0x00
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